



## Immunization, Vaccines and Biologicals

# Immunization Agenda 2030: A Global Strategy to Leave No One Behind

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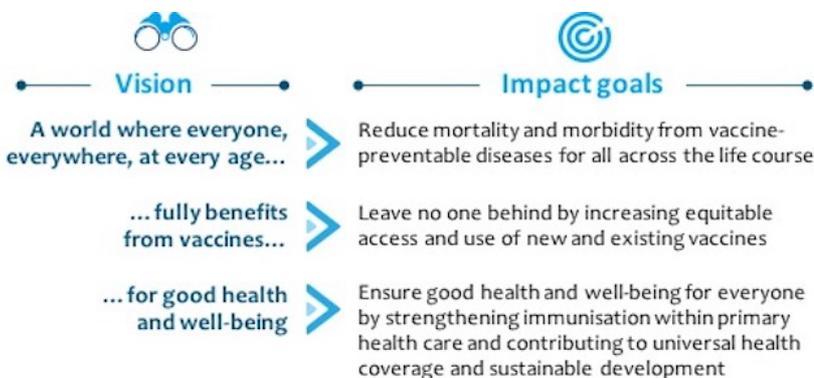
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Immunization is a global health and development success story, saving millions of lives every year. We now have vaccines to prevent more than 20 life-threatening diseases, helping people of all ages live longer, healthier lives. Immunization is the foundation of the primary health care system and an indisputable human right. It's also one of the best health investments money can buy. Yet despite tremendous progress, far too many people around the world – including nearly 20 million infants each year – have insufficient access to vaccines. In some countries, progress has stalled or even reversed, and there is a real risk that complacency will undermine past achievements.

With the support of countries and partners, WHO is leading the co-creation of a new global vision and strategy to address these challenges over the next decade, to be endorsed by the World Health Assembly. IA 2030 envisions a **world where everyone, everywhere, at every age, fully benefits from vaccines to improve health and well-being.**

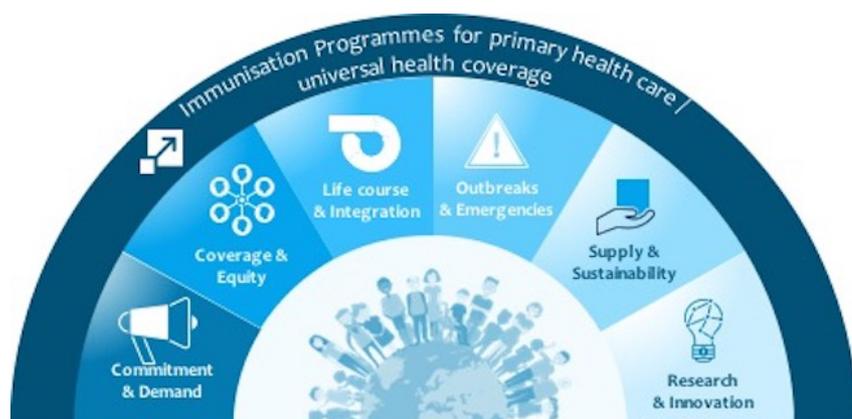


### Strategic priorities

IA2030 has been developed through a “bottom-up” co-creation process, with close engagement of countries to ensure that the vision, strategic priorities and goals are aligned with country needs. As an adaptive and flexible strategy, the IA2030 framework is designed to be tailored by

countries to their local context, and to be revised throughout the decade as new needs and challenges emerge. IA2030 strategic priorities will be further refined in the monitoring and evaluation framework and will include indicators, targets and methods for tracking progress.

IA2030 goals are designed to inspire action for implementation. For countries, this could mean setting country-specific targets and milestones for the decade toward those goals. For regions, this could mean contextualising global goals and setting specific targets and milestones in Regional Vaccination Action Plans. For partner organisations, this could mean aligning organisational strategies and indicators to support the attainment of IA2030 goals.



### Core principles

The IA 2030 strategy—to extend the benefits of vaccines to everyone, everywhere—is underpinned by four core principles: it puts **people** in the center, is led by **countries**, implemented through broad **partnerships**, and driven by **data**. The IA2030 strategy systematically applies the core principles across each of the strategic priorities.



People-Focused



Country-Owned



Partnership-Based



Data-Enabled

### Strategic Priority Goals

Each strategic priority has strategic priority goals as the basis for evaluating progress. These goals will complement existing disease-specific goals, broader health goals, and the SDGs. The strategic priority goals mirror the ambition of these existing commitments and aim to galvanize efforts to achieve important gains in immunization over the coming decade.

<b>Immunisation Programmes for primary health care/universal health coverage</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensure adequate health workforce availability</li> <li>• Build and strengthen comprehensive vaccine-preventable disease surveillance supported by strong and reliable laboratory-based systems</li> <li>• Secure high-quality supply chains and effective vaccine management to facilitate equitable coverage in immunisation and establish synergies with other primary health care supply chains where possible</li> <li>• Generate fit-for-purpose immunisation data for evidence-based decision-making</li> <li>• Ensure functional vaccine safety systems in close collaboration with national regulatory agencies</li> </ul>
<b>Commitment &amp; Demand</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Build and sustain strong social, financial and political commitment for immunisation</li> <li>• Strengthen leadership, management and coordination for immunisation at all levels</li> <li>• Ensure people and communities value, actively support and seek out immunisation services</li> </ul>
<b>Coverage &amp; Equity</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reach high equitable immunisation coverage at national level and in all districts</li> <li>• Increase coverage of vaccines among the most disadvantaged populations</li> <li>• Reduce the number of children not reached through the immunisation programme (“zero-dose” children)</li> </ul>
<b>Life course &amp; Integration</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Strengthen policies and service delivery to provide new and underused vaccines and appropriate catch-up vaccination across the life-course</li> <li>• Establish integrated delivery touchpoints for immunisation and other public health interventions across the life course</li> </ul>
<b>Outbreaks &amp; Emergencies</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Decrease the number and magnitude of outbreaks of epidemic-prone vaccine-preventable diseases</li> <li>• Ensure timely, well-organized responses to outbreaks of epidemic-prone vaccine-preventable diseases</li> <li>• Establish timely and appropriate vaccination services in acute emergencies and humanitarian crises</li> </ul>
<b>Supply &amp; Sustainability</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Build and sustain healthy markets across all antigens at the global level</li> <li>• Safeguard access quality assured vaccines in a timely fashion in all countries</li> <li>• Ensure sufficient financial support for immunisation programmes across all countries to achieve universal coverage</li> <li>• Increase immunisation expenditure from domestic resources for aid dependent countries, and when transitioning away from aid, secure government domestic funding to sustain coverage of all vaccines after transition</li> </ul>
<b>Research &amp; Innovation</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Establish and strengthen country capacity to identify, create and manage innovation</li> <li>• Develop new vaccines and technologies and improve existing products and services for immunisation programmes</li> <li>• Introduce and scale up new and underused vaccines and improved technologies, services and practices</li> </ul>

Immunization is playing a critical role in achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Immunization reaches more people than any other health and social service, making it the foundation of primary health care systems and a key driver toward universal health coverage. This makes immunization critical to SDG3 – to ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages. Because health is so fundamental to development, IA2030 will also contribute—either directly or indirectly—to 13 of the other SDGs.

Immunization is an investment for the future, creating a healthier, safer and more prosperous world for all.

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